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SWANAGE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL



ANNUAL REPORT

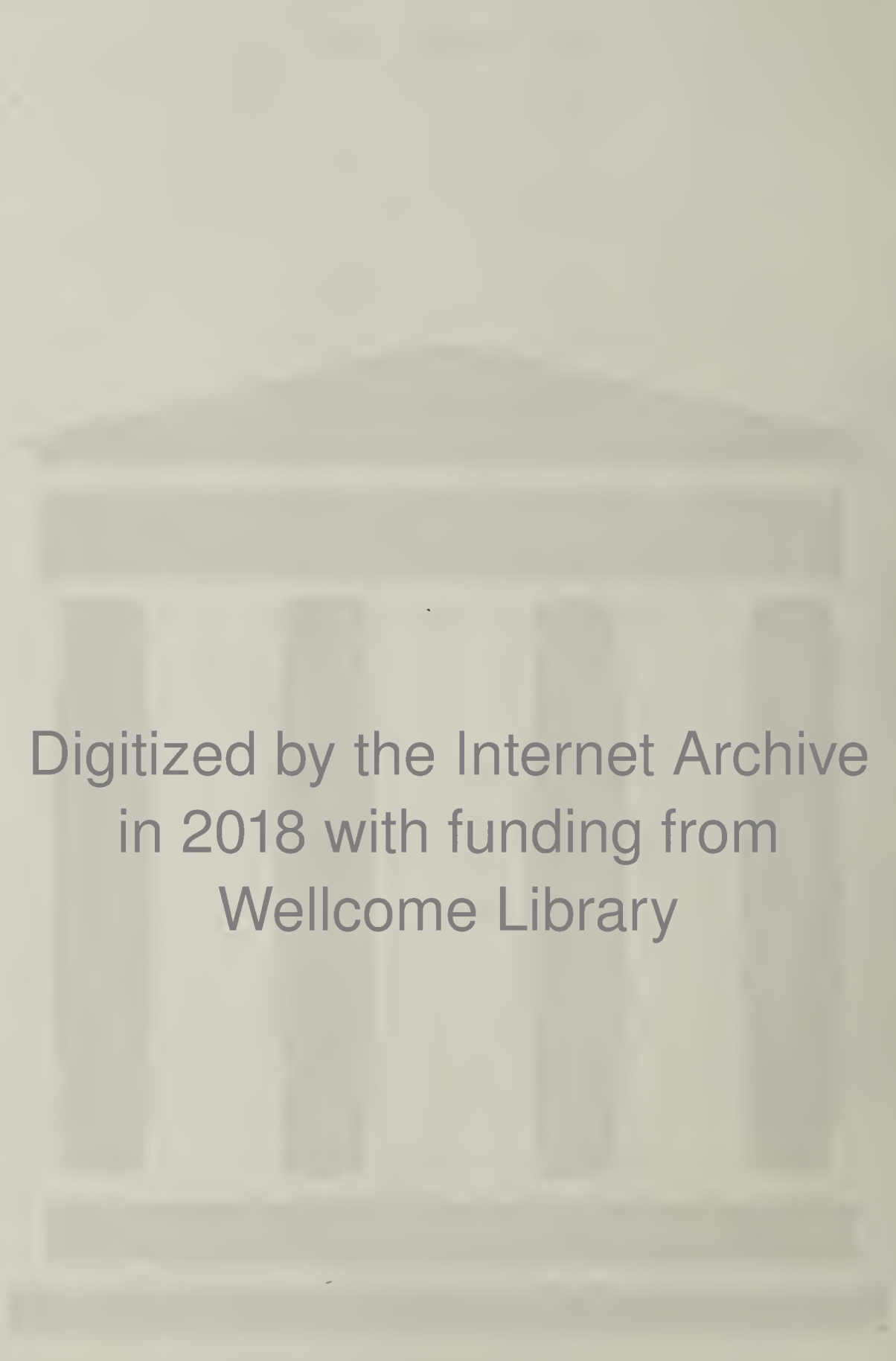
of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR

1963

E. J. O'Keeffe, B.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.,
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH



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FOREWORD

Public Health Office,
Health Centre,
Swanage,
Dorset.

To the Chairman and Members of the Swanage Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you my Annual Report on the health and sanitary conditions of the Swanage Urban District for the year 1963.

The report is set out in sections in the following order:-

	<u>Pages</u>
Statistics	1 - 2
Sanitary Circumstances	3 - 5
Sanitary Inspection	6 - 7
Inspection and Supervision of Food	8 - 9
Housing	10
Prevalence and Control of Infectious Disease	11 - 12
Factories Act	13
Climatic Data	14

The health of the district, generally speaking, remained satisfactory throughout the year, and there was an absence of cases of serious infectious disease.

The vital statistics for the district compare favourably with those for the Country as a whole. The number of deaths registered during the year exceeded the number of live births by twenty-two.

The area comparability factors for birth and death rates given in the report make allowance for the variations in sex and age groups, and in the case of death rate takes account of residential institutions in the area. They are used to multiply the respective crude birth and death rates of the area so as to make them comparable with the rate for the Country as a whole. Undue importance should not be attached to the rates in the report which are based on very small numbers.

This is my twenty-sixth and last annual report to the Council before my retirement, and I take the opportunity of thanking all Members for their kindness and consideration, the Clerk of the Council and other Officials for their unfailing help and co-operation throughout a period of service which has been a very pleasant one for me.

My thanks are also due to Mr. Greenwood, your Public Health Inspector for his assistance in preparing this report.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient Servant,

E. J. O'KEEFE

Medical Officer of Health

August, 1964.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS

Medical Officer of Health

E. J. O'Keeffe, B.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.,

Public Health Inspector

K. W. Greenwood, M.A.P.H.I.,
Certified Meat and Food Inspector

Office accommodation and clerical assistance for the Medical Officer of Health, who is also Medical Officer of Health for the Wareham Borough and the Wareham and Purbeck Rural District, and Senior Assistant County Medical Officer, are provided jointly by the Authorities concerned.

The Public Health Inspector in addition to his statutory duties is also the authorised officer under the Pet Animals Act.

The Works Committee of the Council deals with all matters concerning public health.

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area of the District - 2,762 acres with a further 31 acres of foreshore.

Population	...	...	at Census 1961	...	8,120
	as estimated by Registrar General mid 1962	...			7,410
	as estimated by Registrar General mid 1963	...			7,470
Total number of inhabited houses	...	at end of 1962	...		2,629
	...	at end of 1963	...		2,712
Rateable value at 1st. April, 1963	...	...			£419,237
Sum represented by penny rate at 31st. March, 1963	...				£624

VITAL STATISTICS

Area comparability factors for births 1.32, for deaths 0.71

					<u>Comparative Rates</u>	
<u>Live Births</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Swanage</u>	<u>England & Wales</u>
Total registered	...	101	48	53		
Legitimate	...	93	44	49		
Illegitimate	...	8	4	4		
Rate per 1000 population 13.5					17.8	18.2
Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total Live Births					7.9	
<u>Still Births</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>		
Total registered	...	3	2	1		
Legitimate	...	3	2	1		
Illegitimate	...	-	-	-		
Rate per 1000 total live and still births					28.8	17.3
<u>Total Live and Still Births</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>		
Total registered		104	50	54		
<u>Deaths</u>						
Total registered		123	60	63		
Rate per 1000 population 16.5					11.7	12.2
<u>Infant Deaths (under 1 year)</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>		
Total registered	...	-	-	-		
Legitimate	...	-	-	-		
Illegitimate	...	-	-	-		
<u>Infant Mortality Rates</u>						
Total infant deaths per 1000 total live births.					Nil	20.9
Legitimate infant deaths per 1000 legitimate live births.					"	
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1000 illegitimate live births.					"	
<u>Neo-natal Mortality Rates (deaths under four weeks per 1000 total live births)</u>						
					"	
<u>Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths under one week per 1000 total live births)</u>						
					"	
Perinatal Mortality Rate (stillbirths and deaths under one week combined per 1000 total live and still births)					28.8	
<u>Maternal Mortality (including abortion)</u>						
Number of deaths					...	Nil
Rate per 1000 total live and still births					...	Nil

CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE DURING 1963

(Registrar General's Official Return)

Cause of Death	Total all Ages		Under 4 Weeks		4 weeks & under 1 year		1-5		15-25		35-45		55-65		75 & over	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
10 Malignant neoplasm, stomach	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
11 Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
12 Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
13 Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
14 Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	8	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 Leukemia, aleukaemia	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16 Diabetes	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17 Vascular lesions of nervous system	8	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18 Coronary disease, angina	11	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	13
20 Other heart disease	5	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4
21 Other circulatory disease	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	11
22 Influenza	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
25 Pneumonia	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24 Bronchitis	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
25 Other diseases of respiratory system	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
26 Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28 Nephritis and nephrosis	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
31 Congenital malformations	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32 Other defined and ill-defined diseases	3	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4
33 Motor vehicle accidents	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34 All other accidents	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total all Causes	60	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	42

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

WATER SUPPLY

The Poole and East Dorset Water Board which came into being on the 1st. April, 1960, control the public piped water supply in the district.

Particulars supplied by the Poole and East Dorset Water Board

I am indebted to the Board's Engineer and Manager for the following information with regard to the water supply -

The Board's southern district comprises the Urban District of Swanage, the Borough of Wareham and the Rural District of Wareham and Purbeck. The water supplied derives from wells and boreholes at Briantspuddle, Worgret, Bloxworth, Corfe Castle, Ulwell and Church Knowle.

Water for Swanage Urban District is supplied from the Corfe Castle and Ulwell sources.

Details of Sources and Treatment Applied

<u>Source</u>	<u>Type of Source</u>	<u>Depth of Well</u>	<u>Treatment Applied</u>
Corfe Castle	Well	17 feet	Slow sand filtration, chlorination and post ammoniation.
Ulwell	Well	450 feet	Chlorination.

During the year the Board abstracted the following quantities from these sources.

<u>Source</u>	<u>Volume of Water into Supply</u>
Corfe Castle	144,587,000 gallons
Ulwell	55,531,000 gallons

The water was maintained at a high standard of purity and was sufficient to meet all demands.

During the year 5 samples were taken from consumers' taps by the Public Health Inspector for the Urban District for bacteriological examination at the Public Health Service Laboratory and the following results were reported:-

<u>Local Authority Area</u>	<u>Total Number of samples</u>	<u>M.O.H. Classification (Report 71)</u>			
		<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>
Swanage Urban District	5	5	0	0	0

Regular bacteriological examinations of raw and treated water were made in the Board's laboratory giving the following results:-

Raw Water

<u>Source</u>	<u>Total No. of Samples</u>	<u>M.O.H. Classification (Report 71)</u>				<u>Max PC at 37° C</u>	<u>Coli 1 Demonstrated</u>
		<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>		
Corfe Castle	47	2	2	0	43	1000	40
Ulwell	42	36	3	0	3	40	3

Distributed Water

<u>Source</u>	<u>Total No. of Samples</u>	<u>M.O.H. Classification</u> (Report 71)			
		<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>
Corfe Castle	95	86	9	-	-
Ullwell	45	45	-	-	-

Chemical Analyses

Frequent checks of chlorine residual are made in the control of treatment plants and in samples taken from mains and consumers' taps throughout the area of supply. Chemical analyses of the raw water from each source was carried out.

Analyses of a Sample of Raw Water taken from Corfe Castle Pumping Station

Chemical Results in Milligrammes Per Litre

Appearance - Colourless and clear		Taste and Odour -	
pH	7.4	Pleasant & Odourless	
Hardness	168.0	Temporary	135.0
		Permanent	33.0
Total Solids dried at 180°C	225.0	Fluorine	0.05
Chlorine in Chlorides	30.8		
Nitrates	4.10	Nitrites	0.010
Free Ammonia	0.040	Albuminoid Ammonia	0.095
Metals	Fe 0.04		
Free Carbon Dioxide	8.5		
Residual Chlorine	-		
Alkalinity	129.0		

Bacteriological Results

Number of Bacteria growing on Agar per ml in 24 hrs. at 37°C	35
" " " " " " " " " 48 " " "	35
Coli-aerogenes Count per 100 ml	90
Escherichia coli Count per 100 ml	50

Analysis of a Sample of Raw Water taken from Ulwell Pumping Station

Chemical Results in Milligrammes Per Litre

Appearance	- Colourless and clear	Taste and Odour -	
		Pleasant and odourless	
pH	7.4		
Hardness	186.0	Temporary	175.0
		Permanent	11.0
Total Solids, dried at 180°C	275.0		
Chlorine in Chlorides	34.0	Fluorine	0.04
Nitrates	2.22	Nitrites	Absent
Free Ammonia	0.010	Albuminoid Ammonia	0.080
Metals	Absent		
Free Carbon Dioxide	7.4		
Residual Chlorine	-		
Alkalinity	121.0		

Bacteriological Results

Number of Bacteria growing on Agar per ml. in 24 hrs. at 37°C	20
" " " " " " " " " 48 " " "	0
Coli-aerogenes Count per 100 ml.	0
Escherichia coli Count per 100 ml.	0

Water Supply to Houses in the District

Total Number of inhabited houses in the district	...	2712
Number of houses with piped supply	...	2703
Number of houses served with standpipe	...	3
Number of houses served with private well	...	5
Number of houses relying on rain water	...	1

Sewerage and Drainage

The Town's sewage, with the exception of the Durlston area, is discharged untreated into the sea in deep water off Peveril Point. No evidence of nuisance has been observed or reported within the district or neighbouring districts as a result of this method of disposal. Sewage from the Durlston area is discharged separately into deep water in Durlston; here the temporary outfall sewer, which replaced the outfall damaged by a landslide, functioned satisfactorily except for a short period during rough weather when it suffered some damage. It is hoped that during 1964, some progress will be made in getting the scheme under way for abolishing the outfall sewer at Durlston Bay.

Surface water is drained mainly into the Swanage and Ulwell streams or directly on to the foreshore. In some areas, however, surface water is discharged into the sewers. This latter method is discouraged so as to relieve pressure in the soil sewers. During periods of heavy rainfall the Swanage stream is liable to overflow and cause flooding of houses in the Eldon Terrace area; no flooding occurred during 1963.

Closet Accommodation

Number of dwelling houses draining to cesspool	...	13
Number of dwelling houses with pail closets	...	11
Number of cesspools constructed during the year	...	-
Number of cesspools abolished	...	-
Number of pail closets abolished	...	-

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA

Summary of Visits and Inspections

Public Health and Housing Acts

Dwelling houses (preliminary visits)	...	...	270
Dwelling houses (re-visits and works in progress)	...	...	193
Council house inspections	...	...	103
Drainage: preliminary visits	...	...	63
tests	...	...	29
re-visits	...	...	11
public sewer	...	...	22
Visits re accumulation of rubbish	...	...	20
Caravan Sites	...	...	183
Clearance area sites	...	...	1
Yards, courts, passages	...	...	12
Public conveniences	...	...	48
Infectious diseases enquiries and visits	...	...	15
Infectious diseases disinfection carried out	...	...	8
Persons requiring care & attention & verminous conditions	...	...	18
Inspections to refuse tip	...	...	42
Smoke observation	...	...	2
Stable inspection	...	...	1
Housing applications	...	...	25

Food and Drugs Act

Butchers shops	...	...	160
Fried fish shops	...	...	46
Wet fish shops	...	...	32
Grocers	...	...	45
Greengrocers	...	...	12
Licensed premises	...	...	29
Cafes, restaurants, ice-cream & food preparation premises	...	...	390
Dairies, cowsheds and milkshops	...	...	47
Bakehouses	...	...	40

General

Local Land Charge Searches	...	...	52
Factories Act	...	...	110
Miscellaneous visits	...	...	86
Interviews with builders, agents and owners	...	...	45
Visits to waterworks	...	...	32
Rodent control	...	...	263
Pathological laboratory	...	...	14

Statutory and Informal Notices (Public Health Acts, Housing Acts and Factory Act)

The following table shows the action taken to secure the abatement of nuisances and the removal of conditions dangerous or injurious to health -

<u>Notices</u>	<u>Number served</u>	<u>Number complied with.</u>	<u>Outstanding</u>
Informal	207	200	7
Statutory	Nil	Nil	Nil

Disinfection

There is no steam disinfection in Swanage, but where this type of disinfection is considered necessary articles of clothing and bedding are taken to the Alderney Hospital, Poole, to undergo high pressure steam disinfection. Spray and fumigant disinfection is carried out by the Council's staff.

Verminous Premises

There were 3 cases of serious infestation of premises during the year and Council employees carried out the work of disinfection and cleansing. All these cases occurred in premises occupied by elderly persons living alone. This again emphasizes the need for adequate housing of the elderly with proper welfare amenities.

Refuse Collection

A weekly collection of refuse is made throughout the town. An additional collection is made during the summer from the larger hotels, cafes and restaurants. This collection is not chargeable and is in addition to any collection made by agreement with occupiers.

Refuse Disposal

The disposal of refuse is carried out by controlled tipping in disused quarry workings. This is a relatively cheap and satisfactory method of disposal. It is, however, essential that precautions be taken to prevent the tip from catching fire, otherwise a serious nuisance will arise.

Clean Air Act, 1956

It was not found necessary to take action for the abatement of smoke nuisance in the area during the year.

Caravans and Camping Sites

Improvement work has continued on all caravan sites during the year so that they will conform with the requirements of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960.

There are 8 licenced sites in the district capable of accommodating 719 caravans. In addition the Council's Municipal Caravan Site provides for a further 201 caravans. The conditions of all sites only permits their use between April and September. There are no caravans in the district which are occupied as permanent dwellings.

Public Conveniences

There are three public conveniences on the sea front all of which are provided with washing facilities including the provision of hot water. In the conveniences where there are no permanent attendants hot water is provided by coin meters. It is regretted that in these conveniences certain sections of the public damage these amenities and thus endanger the health of the community.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Milk Supply

All milk sold by retail in the district is either pasteurised, tuberculin tested pasteurised or tuberculin tested, since the Swanage Urban District is part of a special area under Section 37 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955.

There are two registered dairies and two registered milk distributors in the district.

Milk Sampling

Forty-two samples of milk were taken in the district by the Food and Drug Authority during the year and all samples passed the statutory tests.

Ice-Cream

The majority of ice-cream retailed in the district is pre-packed. There are two manufacturers of soft ice-cream in the town.

Supervision of premises was maintained during the year and twelve samples were submitted for the methylene blue reductase test in accordance with the Ice-Cream (Heat-treatment) Regulations, and the following results were obtained -

<u>Provisional Grades</u>	<u>Number of Samples taken</u>
Grade 1	6
" 2	3
" 3	1
" 4	2

Food Premises

Swanage, as in most holiday towns, has a large proportion of premises that are used for catering, ranging from the odd household doing occasional bed and breakfast to the large hotel or restaurant.

Generally speaking, the premises are satisfactory and comply with the Food Hygiene Regulations, although at times it is necessary to take informal action to remedy unsatisfactory premises. However, the main danger to the public's health in catering and retail food premises is the food handler. Unfortunately no regulations can, in practice, effectively prevent dirty habits and faulty personal hygiene. Thus constant care and attention to a most scrupulous degree in personal cleanliness and hygiene is the true safeguard against disease spread by food contamination.

Slaughter Houses

There are no slaughter houses in the district, all meat being slaughtered elsewhere and conveyed to the town in properly conducted meat vans.

Inspections of meat delivery vans are carried out together with inspection of meat on arrival as well as during sale.

1. Number of Food Premises by Type of Business in the Area

Grocers and general stores	22	Bakeries	4
Greengrocers	6	Fish Shops	5
Butchers Shops	7	Fried Fish Shops	3
Licensed premises	15	Confectioners -	34
Cafes and Restaurants	29	(selling ice-cream)	
(excluding hotels, private hotels or guest houses)			

2. Number of Food Premises by Type Registered

(a) Under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955

Manufacture of sausages	7	Sale of Ice-cream	34
Fish Frying	3	Manufacture of ice- cream.	2

(b) Under Milk and Dairies Regulations

Dairy premises	2
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3. Number of inspections of Registered Food Premises

Manufacture of sausages	160	Ice-cream	120
Fish Frying	46	Dairy	47

Notices (Food and Drugs Act, 1955)

Informal notices served	...	97
Informal notices complied with	...	90
Informal notices outstanding	...	7

Food Condemned

Fresh Meat

Beef)	
Boneless buttock)	
Boneless silverside	)	450 lbs.
Liver)	
Pork sausages)	

Fresh Fish

Cod	56 lbs.
Prawns	2 "
Kippers	6 "
Fish Cakes	30 "

Meat (Tinned)

Corned beef)	
Luncheon meat)	
Beef rolls)	
Jellied veal)	
Pork butts	)	215 tins
Stewed steak)	
Chicken)	
Ham)	
Bacon)	

Fish (Tinned)

Sardines)	
Pilchards)	
Salmon	)	51 tins
Roes)	

Miscellaneous

Tomato soup	8 tins
Spaghetti	10 "
Jam & Marmalade	1 "
Vegetables	56 "
Fruit	61 "
Milk & Milk Products	12 "

HOUSING

Compared with most towns, Swanage is fortunate in not having any typical slum dwellings. In fact there are only isolated properties that might possibly come within the scope of the Housing Act 1957. There are, of course, many houses that lack the modern amenities of indoor sanitation, bathroom and hot water supply. However, there is no Act that requires owners to provide these modern amenities that one would expect to find in houses in 1963. Some owner occupiers do avail themselves of the provisions of the Housing Act relating to Standard Grants, but unfortunately very few landlords.

Probably quite a few of the 158 persons on the Council's waiting list for accommodation would, if it were not for the high price of property in Swanage, purchase their own house. Especially is this so with many young couples who are at present living with relatives or occupy furnished flats during the winter months. Living with relatives cannot be, by any means, regarded as satisfactory accommodation. With regard to living in furnished flats, insecurity of tenure and fear of eviction is an ever present problem. These furnished flats, or flat-lets as many are called have become more common during the past year or so, as the tendency is for owners of guest houses to alter their premises so that holiday-makers may cater for themselves instead of being catered for by the proprietors. One must be mindful that very sub standard conditions may arise in dwellings used for this multiple occupation. Section 15 of the Housing Act, 1961 gives power to local authorities to require the execution of such work as may be necessary to remedy these conditions. Unfortunately, no minimum legal standard is laid down in the Act, although the Council did approve a suggested minimum standard of facilities which they regard as being reasonably suitable.

The need for houses for elderly persons and welfare housing has been mentioned in previous Annual Reports. The proper housing of elderly persons, which will permit of them being cared for adequately in their declining years in familiar surroundings and amongst people they know, is a problem which becomes increasingly pressing.

Housing (Financial Provisions) Act, 1958, Sect. 30 - Discretionary Grant

Number of applications received	...	2
Number of applications approved	...	Nil

House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959, Sect. 4 - Standard Grant

Number of applications received	...	6
Number of houses inspected	...	6
Number of applications approved	...	6

Housing Applications

Number of Applicants on the Council's list for accommodation 31.12.63 - 158

Housing Programme

Flats provided by Conversion	Houses Completed 1963	New Flats Completed 1963	Flats in course of Construction at 31.12.63	Proposed Houses 1964	Total Council Houses and Flats
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	16	Pre War 165 Post War 243 Total 408

New Dwellings

Number of dwellings erected by private enterprise during 1963	...	76
Number of dwellings erected by Local Authority during 1963	...	Nil

PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE

There was no serious case of infectious disease notified in the district during 1963.

Measles were more prevalent during the year; notifications were 78 compared with 10 in the previous year. The only other infectious diseases notified were 4 cases of acute pneumonia and one new case of respiratory tuberculosis.

There is no doubt that the high percentage of young children immunised against poliomyelitis, diphtheria and whooping cough is mainly responsible for the absence of these diseases.

Immunisation

Schemes for immunisation are administered in the area by the County Council as the Local Health Authority. Immunisation against diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus and poliomyelitis is carried out at the Infant Welfare Centre on the first and third Friday every month from 2 - 4 p.m.

Immunisation is also carried out by the Medical Practitioners in the area including immunisation against smallpox.

Immunisation with B.C.G. of the older age group children is carried out at schools in the area by the medical officers of the Local Health Authority.

Poliomyelitis Vaccination

The scheme for immunisation against poliomyelitis includes all ages up to 40 years, and certain priority groups who are likely to be exposed to special risk of infection.

Vaccination and Immunisation Statistics, Swanage U.D. 1963

(P) Primary Dose (B) Booster Dose

Poliomyelitis						Diphtheria		Whooping cough		Tetanus		Smallpox	
Full Course	Oral		P	Salk		P	B	P	B	P	B	P	B
	3rd.	4th.		3rd.	4th.								
80	35	130	26	36	23	79	67	75	36	104	82	14	17

Notifications (Corrected) Figures

Disease	1st. Qtr.	2nd. Qtr.	3rd. Qtr.	4th. Qtr.	Total	Admitted to Hospital
Measles	-	72	4	2	78	-
Ac. Pneumonia	3	1	-	-	4	2
Tuberculosis - respiratory	-	1	-	-	1	-

Cases of Infectious Diseases Notified During 1963

<u>Disease</u>	Total	Under 1	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-9	10-14	15-24	25 & Ov.	A.U.
Measles	78	2	7	9	8	5	45	2	-	-	-
		Under 5	5 - 14		15 - 44		45 - 64		65 & Ov.		A.U.
Ac. Pneumonia	4	-	1		1		1		1		-
		Under 5	5 - 14		15 - 24		25-44		45-64		65 & Ov. A.U.
Tuberculosis - respiratory.	1	-	-		-		-		1		-

Scabies and Verminous Conditions

Two cases of infestation of persons was reported during the year.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948 - Section 47 - Removal of Persons in Need of Care and Attention to Suitable Premises.

It was not necessary to take formal action under this section of the Act during the year.

FACTORIES ACTS, 1961

Part 1 of the Act

- 1 - INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspector)

Premises	Number on Register	Number of		
		Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	28	56	12	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	58	73	7	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers premises.)	-	-	-	-
Total ...	86	129	19	-

2. - Cases in which DEFECTS were found

Particulars	Number of Cases in which Defects were found				No. of cases in which prosecutions were instituted
	Found	Re- medied	Referred To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	
Want of cleanliness (S1)	10	10	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature(S3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S4)	2	2	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S6)	4	4	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S7)					
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	12	12	-	3	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
Total ...	28	28	-	3	-

Part VIII of the Act

OUTWORK - Sections 133 and 134

Outworkers - Nil

METEOROLOGICAL RECORDS 1963

<u>Month</u>	<u>Rainfall</u> (Inches)	<u>Sunshine</u> (Hours)	<u>Temperature °F</u>	
			Average Maximum	Average Minimum
January	.54	75.0	34.3	26.7
February	1.54	71.6	36.4	29.8
March	3.72	127.0	47.2	38.0
April	3.15	121.6	52.7	42.2
May	1.19	231.9	57.9	45.0
June	2.47	194.9	63.7	52.9
July	1.61	246.2	65.6	54.2
August	4.87	177.5	65.7	54.4
September	2.70	140.5	63.2	51.5
October	2.25	76.9	60.0	49.9
November	6.53	75.2	55.9	46.8
December	1.35	55.0	44.3	35.9
Total	31.92	1593.3		
Monthly Average	2.66	132.8	53.9	43.9

